

DOUG BURGUM GOVERNOR OF NORTH DAKOTA CHAIR KATE BROWN GOVERNOR OF OREGON VICE CHAIR JAMES D. OGSBURY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

October 11, 2019

The Honorable Lindsey Graham Chairman Committee on the Judiciary United States Senate 224 Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Dianne Feinstein Ranking Member Committee on the Judiciary United States Senate 224 Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Graham and Ranking Member Feinstein:

On behalf of Western Governors, we write to express our support for S. 947, the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act Amendments of 2019. This bipartisan legislation was recently introduced by Senator Mike Crapo (R-ID).

From 1945 to 1992, the United States conducted over 1,000 nuclear weapons tests, nearly 200 of which were atmospheric tests. The vast majority of these tests were conducted in western states or the Pacific islands. Sites for such testing included Alaska, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The uranium ore mining and milling activities that provided the feedstock for these weapons tests and our nuclear weapons arsenal also occurred primarily in the American West.

The residents of western states and U.S. territories were the individuals primarily affected by these national security activities, including employees of the nuclear weapons complex, miners and mill workers, and the general public. Known as "downwinders," these individuals suffered exposure to the fallout from atmospheric testing. In recognition of their exposure to deadly risks in order to advance our national security, Congress passed the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act (RECA, Pub. L. 101-426). This legislation offers compensation to individuals who contracted certain cancers and other serious diseases following their exposure to radiation released from above-ground atmospheric nuclear weapons tests or following occupational exposure to radiation while employed in the uranium industry.

The RECA Amendments of 2019 would update the current statute to recognize the broader scope of the populations and activities negatively affected by the nuclear weapons program. Importantly, it would expand the definition of "affected area" for downwind states to include Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah and Guam, all of which have been shown to have been affected by downwind contamination.

The bill would also extend the Radiation Exposure Compensation Trust Fund for 19 years and increase the amount of compensation an individual filing a claim may receive to \$150,000, up from between \$50,000-\$100,000 under the current statute. It also includes provisions to address the radiation exposures of the uranium mine and mill employees who worked to advance our national security. The bill would retain statutory requirements that ensure individuals file claims with the Attorney General and meet the law's standards for qualification before any compensation is allocated.

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We encourage you to expeditiously consider and approve this important legislation, which acknowledges that nuclear weapons production and testing has had much broader impacts than currently recognized by statute.

Sincerely,

đ Doug Burgum

Governor of North Dakota Chair, Western Governors' Association

Kate Brown Governor of Oregon Vice Chair, Western Governors' Association